# Section 1 - Identification

Product Name: Sun Brite Plus (11215)

ITD Chemical, LLC 1827 Auger Drive Tucker, GA 30084 770-939-5544

# Emergency Phone: 800-535-5053

Product Use: Vehicle Wash

# Section 2 - Hazards Identification

## GHS Ratings:

Skin corrosion/irritati	on 1A	Destruction of dermal tissue: Exposure < 3 min. Observation		
Serious eye damage irritation	/eye 1	< 1 hour, visible necrosis in at least one animal Serious eye damage: Irreversible damage 21 days after exposure, Draize score: Corneal opacity >= 3, Iritis > 1.5		
Carcinogenicity	2	Limited evidence of human or animal carcinogenicity		
GHS Hazards				
H314	Causes severe s	skin burns and eye damage		
H318	Causes serious	Causes serious eye damage		
H351	Suspected of ca	Suspected of causing cancer		
GHS Precautions				
P201	Obtain special ir	nstructions before use		
P202		Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood		
P260	Do not breathe o	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray		
P264	Wash hands tho	Wash hands thoroughly after handling		
P280	Wear protective	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection		
P281	Use personal pro	Use personal protective equipment as required		
P310	•	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell after exposure of this product		
P321	•	Specific treatment (see First Aid below or label)		
P363	-	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse		
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWE	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting		
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower		
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Re for breathing	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable		
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rin	se continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact t and easy to do – continue rinsing		
P308+P313		oncerned: Get medical advice/attention		
P405	Store locked up			
P501	•	ents/container in conformance with State, Local, and Federal		

## Signal Word: Danger



# Section 3 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %	
N,N-bis(Carboxymethyl)-glycine, trisodium salt	5064-31-3	0.00% - 15.00%	
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	127087-87-0-9	0.00% - 15.00%	
Disodium oxosilanediolate	6834-92-0	0.00% - 15.00%	

# Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**INHALATION:** If inhalation of mists, vapors, or spray occurs and adverse effects result, remove to uncontaminated area. Evaluate ABC's (is Airway constricted, is Breathing occurring, and is blood Circulating) and treat symptomatically. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. There is no specific antidote, treat symptomatically.

**EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush contaminated eyes with a directed stream of water for as long as possible. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Washing eyes within several seconds is essential to achieve maximum effectiveness.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Immediately flush contaminated areas with water. Remove contaminated clothing, jewelry, and shoes immediately. Wash contaminated areas with large amounts of water.

GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods.

**INGESTION:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. For definite or probable ingestion, do not administer oral fluids. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep airway clear. Monitor airway. Volume resuscitation (IV fluids) and circulatory support (CPR) may be required. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsive person. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

**Notes to Physician:** Medical observation and assessment is recommended for all ingestions, all eye exposures, and symptomatic inhalation and dermal exposures. For symptomatic ingestion, do not administer oral fluids and consider investigation by endoscopy, X-ray, or CT scan. Esophageal perforation, airway compromise, hypotension, and shock are possible. For prolonged exposures and significant exposures, consider delayed injury to exposed tissues. There is no antidote. Treatment is supportive care. Follow normal parameters for airway, breathing, and circulation. Surgical intervention may be required.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures	
Flash Point: N/A	
LEL:	UEL:
Fire Hazard: Negligible fire hazard.	

Flash point: Not flammable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not sensitive. Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive. GHS:Physical Hazards: - Corrosive to Metals

Hazardous Decomposition: Toxic Vapors of Sodium Oxide

**Fire Fighting:** Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers with water. Avoid contact with skin. Wear NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure demand

# Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions: Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, or spray. Do not ingest. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up: In case of spill or leak, stop the leak as soon as possible, if safe to do so. Completely contain spilled materials with dikes, sandbags, etc. Shovel dry material into suitable container. Liquid material may be removed with a vacuum truck. Remaining material may be diluted with water and neutralized with dilute acid, then absorbed and collected. Flush spill area with water, if appropriate.
Environmental Precautions: Keep out of water supplies and sewers. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. This material is alkaline and may raise the pH of surface waters with low buffering capacity. Releases should be reported, if required, to appropriate agencies.

# Section 7 - Handling & Storage

Handling Procedures: Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where this material is used. Wear personal protective equipment as described in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8) of the SDS. NEVER add water to product. When

mixing, slowly add to water to minimize heat generation and spattering.

**Storage Conditions:** Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep container tightly closed and properly labeled. Do not store in aluminum container or use aluminum fittings or transfer lines, as flammable hydrogen gas may be generated. Keep separated from incompatible substances (see Section 10 of SDS).

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
N,N-bis(Carboxymethyl)- glycine, trisodium salt 5064-31-3	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated 127087-87-0-9	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Disodium oxosilanediolate 6834-92-0	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Provide local exhaust ventilation where dust or mist may be generated. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

**Respiratory Protection:** An approved respirator with N95 (dust, fume, mist) cartridges may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits, or when symptoms have been observed that are indicative of overexposure. If eye irritation occurs, a full face style mask should be used. A respiratory protection program that meets applicable regulatory requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions

warrant use of a respirator.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection: Wear chemical safety goggles with a faceshield to protect against eye and skin contact when appropriate. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area. Skin and Body Protection: Wear chemical resistant clothing and rubber boots when potential for contact with the material exists. Contaminated clothing should be removed, then discarded or laundered.

Hand Protection: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves

Protective Material Types: Natural rubber, Neoprene, Nitrile, Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), Tyvek, Tychem .

Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH approved respirator with N95 (dust, fume, mist) cartridges may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits, or when symptoms have been observed that are indicative of overexposure. If eye irritation occurs, a full face style mask should be used. A respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant use of a respirator.

**HYGIENE MEASURES:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash hands and affected skin immediately after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

# Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance Clear Liquid

**pH** 13+

Specific Gravity 1.02

Odor Characteristic

Color Lt. Straw

## Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity/ Stability: Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Mixing with acid, or incompatible materials may cause splattering and release of large amounts of heat. Will react with some metals forming flammable hydrogen gas. Carbon monoxide gas may form upon contact with reducing sugars, food and beverage products in enclosed spaces.

#### STABLE

#### Incompatibilities:

None Known

### Reactivity

Corrosive action on metals. Reacts with reducing agents. Reacts with alkali (lyes). Reacts with organic substances. Ammonia (NH3), fluorine, sulfur trioxide (SO3), phosphorus pentoxide (P2O5). Chemical stability No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications. Possibility of hazardous reactions. Reacts with metals forming hydrogen.

Reacts with alkali (lyes). Conditions to avoid To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

Incompatible materials: Alkalis, Metals, Organic materials.

## Hazardous Decomposition:

Toxic Vapors of Sodium Oxide

None Known

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

#### **Mixture Toxicity**

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 446mg/L

## **Component Toxicity**

127087-87-0-9	Nonylphenol, ethoxylated
	Oral LD50: 3,314 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 3,050 mg/kg (Rabbit)
6834-92-0	Disodium oxosilanediolate
	Oral LD50: 1,251 mg/kg (RAT) Dermal LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (RAT)

### ACUTE TOXICITY:

The severity of the tissue damage is a function of its concentration, the length of tissue contact time, and local tissue conditions. After exposure there may be a time delay before irritation and other effects occur. This material is a strong irritant and is corrosive to the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. This material may cause severe burns and permanent damage to any tissue with which it comes into contact. Inhalation will cause severe irritation, possible

burns with pulmonary edema, which may lead to pneumonitis. Skin contact with this material may cause severe irritation and corrosion of tissue. Repeated exposure may cause dermatitis. Eye contact can cause severe irritation, corrosion with possible corneal damage and blindness. Ingestion may cause irritation, corrosion/ulceration, nausea, and vomiting.

**CARCINOGENICITY:** This product is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

Skin Contact Eye Contact Ingestion

#### Effects of Overexposure

CAS Number

Description

<u>% Weight</u>

Carcinogen Rating

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

#### ECOTOXICITY DATA:

Aquatic Toxicity: This material has exhibited moderate toxicity to aquatic organisms. Data provided are for sodium hydroxide.

#### Fish Toxicity:

LC50 Brook trout: 25 ppm/ 24 hr

## LC50 King salmon: 48 ppm

Invertebrate Toxicity:

LC50 Daphnia magna: 100 ppm

LC50 Shrimp: 33 - 100 ppm/48 hr

LC50 Cockle: 330 - 1000 ppm/48 hr

#### FATE AND TRANSPORT:

**BIODEGRADATION:** No information available

**PERSISTENCE:** Soluble in water, persistence is unlikely based on information available.

BIOCONCENTRATION: This material is not expected to bioconcentrate in oganisms.

ADDITIONAL ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: This material has exhibited slight toxicity to terrestrial organisms.

#### Component Ecotoxicity

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

**Waste from material:** Reuse or reprocess, if possible. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. May be subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 261. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D002.

## Section 14 - Transportation Information

<u>Agency</u> DOT	Proper Shipping Name Not Regulated	<u>UN Number</u>	Packing Group	Hazard Class
Section	15 - Regulatory Information			

Country

**Regulation** 

All Components Listed

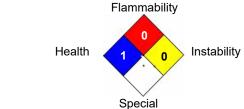
Safety Phrase

# Section 16 - Other Information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)







National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no way shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

**Reviewer Revision** 

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